

DR. DUMBA MACK
HIS TRUNK AND OUT

Vienna Informed by W.
ton That Ambassador Is
Longer Acceptable to U.

VIOLATION OF PROPRIETY

Conspired to Cripple Legitimate In-
dustries of the People of the
United States.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Ambassa-
dor Penfield at Vienna has been in-
structed by cable to inform the Aus-
tro-Hungarian government that Dr.
Constantin Dumba no longer is ac-
ceptable as an envoy to the United
States, and to ask for his recall.

Secretary Lansing finally an-
nounced the action tonight. It was
the answer of the American govern-
ment to Dr. Dumba's explanation of
his intercepted letter to Vienna out-
lining plans for handicapping plants
in this country making war supplies
for the allies.

Ambassador Penfield was in-
structed by cable yesterday to deliver
the following note to the foreign office.

"Mr. Constantin Dumba, the Aus-
tro-Hungarian ambassador at Wash-
ington, has admitted that he pre-
pared to his government plans to in-
terfere with American manu-
facturing plants engaged in the pro-
duction of munitions of war. The in-
formation was reported to this govern-
ment through a copy of a letter from
the ambassador to his government. The
bearer was an American citizen named
Archibald, who was traveling under an
American passport. The ambassador
has admitted that he employed Archibald
to bear official dispatches from him
to his government.

"By reason of the admitted pur-
pose and intent of Mr. Dumba to
conspire to cripple legitimate indus-
tries of the people of the United
States and to interrupt their legiti-
mate trade, and by reason of the
flagrant violation of diplomatic prop-
riety in employing an American citi-
zen, protected by an American pass-
port as a secret bearer of official dis-
patches through the lines of the
enemy of Austria-Hungary, the Presi-
dent directs me to inform your Ex-
cellency that Mr. Dumba is no longer
acceptable to the government of the
United States as the ambassador of
his Imperial Majesty at Washington.

"Believing that the Imperial and
Royal government will realize that
the government of the United States
has no alternative but to request the
recall of Mr. Dumba on account of
improper conduct, the govern-
ment of the United States expresses
its deep regret that this course has
become necessary and assures the
Imperial and Royal government that
it sincerely desires to continue the
cordial and friendly relation which
exist between the United States and
Austria-Hungary."

Secretary Lansing's announcement
was delayed that the note might
reach Vienna before its publication
in this country.

ASK EXPULSION OF CADETS.

Acting Superintendent Recommends
Dismissal of Seven Midshipmen.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Seven mid-
shipment have been recommended for
dismissal from the Naval Academy
by the acting superintendent, for
hazing or for falsehoods in connec-
tion with the recent hazing investi-
gation.

Secretary Daniels today notified
the accused midshipment, offering
them opportunities to make explana-
tions. Their names were not made
public.

A large number of midshipmen
were recommended for disciplinary
action, for other objectionable con-
duct not amounting to hazing.

Under the regulations midship-
men may be dismissed without a
court-martial if guilty of more than
one offense of hazing. One of those
recommended for dismissal was
found guilty of more than seven of-
fenses. Practically all of the others
recommended for dismissal were
found guilty of more than one of-
fense.

HESPERIAN CASUALTY LIST.

Names of Dead and Missing on
Sunken Liner.

Montreal, Sept. 8.—A list of dead
and missing passengers from the
Hesperian was made public today at
the Allan Line office. The list con-
tains the following names:

Dead: Miss Carberry.
Missing: Miss Alice Bannister,
Joseph Fowler, Mrs. Fowler, Emily
Orry (infant), Maria Jenkins, Mary
Barr, Ellen Taylor (four years
old), W. Cowly and a Canadian sol-
dier name unknown.

The list also gives the names of
members of the crew and in-
cludes the name of F. J. Wolfe, who
died from Queenstown said
was an American citizen.

BAN IN FAVOR
OF PREPAREDNESS

Only One Vote Against Resolution
Pledging Support to State and
National Governments.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 8.—The
American Bankers' Association, with
one negative vote today, adopted a
resolution pledging support to state
and national governments in an ef-
fort to obtain practical preparedness
along the lines of national defense.

And amendment to the constitu-
tion was adopted despite the opposi-
tion of the trust company section,
providing that no proposed national
or state legislature should be urged
by any section of the association with-
out the approval of the law commit-
tee and the association as a whole.

The trust company section regard-
ed the amendment as a move to
amplify its efforts to alter the federal
reserve act so that national banks
will not have trust company powers.
Kansas City was expected to get
1916 convention. The commit-
tee nominations recommended
selection of James K. Lynch of
San Francisco as president.

The convention adopted a resolu-
tion favoring amendment of section
19 of the federal reserve act. The
proposed change would give member
banks in federal reserve or central
reserve cities the option of keeping
four per cent of their reserve
with an national bank in any re-
serve or central reserve city in the
United States, or within a radius of
300 miles, the member bank or
within the federal reserve district.
The member banks now can keep
such four per cent in their own vaults
or in the federal reserve bank.

Another resolution was adopted
advocating amendment of the revised
statutes so when taxes are imposed
upon the income of personal property
the income derived from national
bank shares may be included in the
income of the owner, holder there-
of is assessing such taxes, in the city
or town where the bank is located
and not elsewhere.

Southern Passenger Trains Show
Fine Schedule Record.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 8.—On the 175-
465 regular passenger trains operat-
ed by the Southern Railway during
the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1915,
536, or 89 per cent, made schedule
time and 146,288, or 83 per cent,
were on time at all stations.

During the year 149,100 strict-
local trains were operated and of
these 132,666, or 90 per cent, made
schedule time while 127,622, or 86
per cent, were on time at all sta-
tions.

Of the 26,303 limited trains, nearly
all of which cover long distances
and are handled by other lines in
connection with Southern Railway,
21,744, or 83 per cent, made sched-
ule time while on the Southern Rail-
way, and 18,637, or 71 per cent,
were on time at all stations.

461,537 Bales of Cotton Ginned
Prior to September 1.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Cotton of
the growth of 1915 ginned prior to
September 1 amounted to 461,537
bales, counting round as half bales,
according to the first ginning report
of the season issued today by the
bureau of the census. That compar-
ed with 480,317 bales, or 3 per cent
of the entire crop, ginned to Septem-
ber 1 last year, 799,093 bales, or 5.7
per cent of the entire crop, ginned
to that date in 1913, and 750,884
bales, or 5.4 per cent of the entire
crop, ginned to that date in 1912.

SUBMARINE COMMANDER
SAYS HE SUNK ARABIC

States Liner's Actions Led Him
to Believe She Was About
to Attack His Boat.

ACTED IN SELF DEFENSE.

Report of Admiralty Says U-Boat
Was Destroying Merchantman
When Big Liner Appeared.

Berlin via London, Sept. 8.—The
commander of a German submarine,
which has returned to its base, has
reported to the admiralty that he
torpedoed the liner Arabic in the be-
lief that the Arabic's action indi-
cated she was about to attack the
submarine and that he fired in self-
defense.

The submarine commander's re-
port says the submarine was engaged
in destroying a freighter when the
Arabic was sighted. The submarine
then was on the surface.

The Arabic, the commander de-
clares, swung around and headed to-
wards the freighter as if to attack
the submarine. The commander of
the undersea craft remained in doubt
as to the Arabic's intentions when
she changed her course a few points,
but still kept headed in a direction
bringing her nearer to the scene.

The commander reports that he
continued to observe the actions of
the liner until he saw the Arabic
again change her course and head di-
rectly for the spot where the subma-
rine lay, as if she had sighted the
undersea boat.

FIRED TORPEDO.

Then the submarine commander,
believing his craft was in danger, he
declared, submerged and fired a tor-
pedo.

This news was communicated im-
mediately to James W. Gerard,
American ambassador, for transmis-
sion to Washington.

Prior to receipt of the submarine
commander's report admiralty offi-
cials believed the submarine lost. No
reason for her delay in returning to
port has been given.

A high official of the foreign office,
discussing the case with the Associ-
ated Press, said the commander of
the submarine evidently had ade-
quate reasons for believing the sub-
marine was about to be attacked, and
was justified in taking steps neces-
sary to save his boat and crew. The
torpedoing of the Arabic, according
to this official, could not be consid-
ered an unprovoked attack without
warning, but a measure of self-de-
fence, which the commander of the
underwater boat was compelled to
adopt by the alleged suspicious ac-
tions of the Arabic.

News of the submarine's return
and the commander's report has not
been published in Germany.

There still is no report available
regarding the sinking of the Hes-
perian.

TRADE IN WAR SUPPLIES.

July Figures Show Shipments Valued
at \$50,000,000.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Figures
made public tonight by the bureau
of foreign and domestic commerce
show that shipments of war supplies
aggregating nearly \$50,000,000 in
July, a big increase over preceding
months. The principal increase,
compared with June exports, was in
ammunition of special manufacture,
which jumped from \$5,911,929, to
\$9,321,303. Automobiles, the only
item to show a material decrease,
dropped from \$14,500,000 to \$11-
000,000.

Horses and mules to the value of
\$12,600,000, were exported in July,
against \$11,500,000; 138 aeroplanes,
valued at \$480,836, were shipped
compared with 62 machines worth
\$263,212 in June. July exports of
small arms cartridges were valued at
\$2,427,761, about the same as the
preceding month; of dynamite \$100-
899, a slight increase, and of gun
powder \$4,567,320, compared with
\$3,234,549 in June.

British Steamship Sunk.

London, Sept. 8.—The British
steamship Douras has been sunk by
gun-fire, presumably from a subma-
rine. The crew was saved.

WEALTHY WIDOW IS
KILLED AND ROBBED

Masked Men Invade Mrs. Eliza-
beth Nichols' Home and Take
\$10,000 in Goods.

ONE SUSPECT ARRESTED.

Robbers Failed to Get Strong Box
Containing Diamonds and Other
Jewels Worth Over \$250,000.

New York, Sept. 9.—Owney Talls,
a Russian Finn, a hall boy in the
home of Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols, the
aged widow who met death last night
at the hands of masked men who
robbed her of goods valued at \$10-
000, was arrested today after he had
confessed, the police assert, to hav-
ing played a part in the crime. He
was formally charged with murder.

All other servants were freed of
suspicion, Deputy Police Commis-
sioner Lord announced.

Preliminary examination of Mrs.
Nichols' body revealed the probabili-
ty that she had died of fright and not
of strangulation as at first supposed.
Mr. Lord said. An autopsy to be per-
formed late today will disclose the
exact cause of death.

Although the burglars stripped
their victim's fingers and ears of dia-
monds and other jewels worth \$10-
000, they failed to rifle the strong
box of her safe in which she kept
gems valued at from \$250,000 to
\$500,000.

Talls and the maid were kept up
virtually all night by detectives, who
made them repeat their stories again
and again. Commissioner Lord said
today there were many minor discrep-
ancies in their accounts. Significance
was placed by the police in a state-
ment attributed to the cook, Leon
Tiovonen, that on leaving the house
she met a former employee of Mrs.
Nichols who had frequently called at
the house, after leaving her employ,
and borrowed money from other ser-
vants. Two other men, the cook said,
were loitering nearby.

Mr. Lord said that after the cook
and the butler, Ernest Vital, had left
the house, Talls had been seen to
leave the premises several times to
converse with men in front of the
house.

Mrs. Nichols was the widow of
Jas. Edwin Nichols, founder of the
wholesale grocery firm of Austin,
Nichols & Co. She was reputed to
be worth about \$2,000,000 and it
was known that much of this was
invested in gems which she kept in the
house. She was 60 years old and
quite stout.

In an effort to recover the stolen
jewelry, and perhaps thereby obtain
a clue to the burglars, a detective
was stationed in every pawnshop in
New York city. A general alarm and
a description of the valuables were
telephoned from police headquarters
to every city as far north as Buffalo
and as far south as Philadelphia.

The manner in which Mrs. Nichols
came to her end was described to-
day, according to the police, by
Owney Talls, the hall boy. Deputy
Commissioner Lord announced that
Talls had made a confession relative
to the murder, details of which would
be made public later.

Half the police detectives in New
York were at work today trying to
find who murdered Mrs. Elizabeth
Nichols, a wealthy widow, and robbed
her house of a small fortune in
jewels. Mrs. Nichols, after a des-
perate struggle, was strangled to
death about 9 o'clock last night in
her home on East 79th street just off
Fifth avenue, in the heart of the mil-
lionaire residence district.

The police obtained their first
story of the crime from a maid and a
house boy employed in the Nichols
home. These servants said that three
masked men bound and gagged them,
then proceeded to their mistress's
rooms. When the maid and the
house boy freed themselves from
their bonds they found Mrs. Nichols'
body on the floor in her library. A
jewel had been tied about her neck
and twisted tight. Her face was cut
and bruised and her clothing torn in-
dicating that she had made a hard
fight for life. The police devoted
much of their attention to Otto Talls,
the house boy, who said he had ad-

FRENCH STEAMSHIP SUNK.

The Guatemala Torpedoed Off Belle
Isle.

Paris, Sept. 8.—The French
steamship Guatemala has been torpe-
doed and sunk about fifty miles off
Belle Isle. Her crew escaped in two
boats. The men were picked up by a
British steamer and taken to St. Na-
zaire.

The Guatemala, 5,912 tons gross
and 387 feet long, was owned by the
Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlan-
tique, which also owned the Bor-
deaux, the sinking of which by a
submarine was announced yesterday.
The latest report of the Guatemala's
movement was her arrival at St. Na-
zaire July 28 from Buenos Ayres.

BUMPER GRAIN
CROPS ASSURED

Prospects of Big Yields Improved
During the Month of August.
More Wheat Than Last Year.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Bumper
grain crops this year now seem as-
sured. Basing predictions on a canv-
ass made September 1 the agricul-
tural department today issued fore-
casts showing the prospects of big
yields generally had improved during
August.

The wheat crop is placed at 981-
000,000 bushels, 90,000,000 more
than last year's record crop. No
change is made in the August 1 pre-
diction of 659,000,000 bushels of
winter wheat. Conditions for the
spring wheat crop have been ideal
and the production forecast for that
crop was increased 15,000,000 bush-
els to a total of 322,000,000 bushels.
When the final canvass is made the
entire wheat production probably
will reach 1,000,000,000 bushels.

Corn production prospects increas-
ed 67,000,000 during August, the
forecast now being 2,985,000,000
bushels. Although that exceeds last
year's crop by more than 110,000,000
bushels, it falls 139,000,000 short of
the record crop of 1912.

Oats may reach a record, the Sep-
tember forecast being 1,408,000,000
bushels, which is 267,000,000 more
than was harvested last year but 10-
000,000 bushels below the record
crop of 1912.

The condition of white potatoes
took a decided drop. Indications
point to record crops of barley, rye,
sweet potatoes, tobacco, rice and hay.
The apple and peach crops also are
far above average.

FOREIGN FINANCE BOARD.

Coming to Borrow Half Billion or
More in America.

New York, Sept. 8.—The six En-
glish and French financiers on their
way to this city to borrow a huge
sum of money, popularly estimated
at half a billion dollars or more, with
which to pay for American supplies
for the allied armies and other im-
ports from this country, were be-
lieved to be within a few hours of
New York harbor tonight. The date
of their sailings from England and
the name of the ship they took have
been withheld by the British censor,
hence the time of their arrival will
not be known until the vessel bring-
ing them is off quarantine.

Passengers reaching here today
aboard the steamer Ryndam told of
reports of the imminence of the com-
mission's departure from England
when they left Rotterdam, and in
addition, brought to this country
word of preparation and plans the
British censor apparently had barred
on the cables.

French Airman Has Equalled Alti-
tude Record.

Paris, Sept. 9.—The French mono-
plane pilot E. X. Demars, it was an-
nounced last night, has equalled the
world's altitude record of 6,600 me-
ters (21,598 feet) established by the
German airman Otto Linnekogel, in
an aeroplane at Johannistal July
1914.

Demars, who was accompanied by
three men whom they rang
the front basement door-bell.

The detectives said that the crime
evidently had been committed by
some one familiar with the Nichols
household. This belief was support-
ed by two other servants who said
they recognized one of the three rob-
bers as a former employee of Mrs.
Nichols and another as one who had
frequently called on this employee.

THE DUMBA AFFAIR
LOOMS UP DARKER

Envoy's Statement Involving
Austrian Government Lends
Graver Aspect.

MINISTER AWAITS EVENTS.

Understood He Means to Go Ahead
Without Regard to America's
Attitude.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Dr. Con-
stantin Dumba, the Austro-Hungar-
ian ambassador, returned late today
to the summer embassy at Lenox,
Mass., to await word from Secretary
Lansing as to whether the United
States is satisfied with his explana-
tion of his intercepted letter to
Vienna outlining plans for with-
drawing Austro-Hungarian labor and
handicapping American plants man-
ufacturing war supplies.

The ambassador's statement to
Mr. Lansing yesterday that he was
acting under instructions from his
government apparently has made the
affair more serious than a mere ques-
tion of ethics or propriety involving
only Dr. Dumba himself. Silence on
the subject was observed again today
at the White House, and state depart-
ment. The President, carrying the
cabled copy of the ambassador's let-
ter, walked over to the department
during the morning, surprised Sec-
retary Lansing in his office, and spent
fifteen minutes discussing the situa-
tion. It was the first time a Presi-
dent had done such a thing since
Spanish war days.

Before leaving Washington, Am-
bassador Dumba called at the depart-
ment of labor to seek co-operation in
his program for providing new em-
ployment for workmen expected to
walk out of the munitions plants.
Secretary Wilson was not in his
office, but he talked with Acting Sec-
retary Densmore. It is no secret in
official circles that the administration
would not countenance any sort of
participation in a movement.

It is understood the ambassador
proposes to go ahead with his plans
without regard to the attitude of the
American government.

At the embassy today it was em-
phasized that the only step so far
ordered in the instructions from
Vienna was the issuance of a procla-
mation calling on all Austro-Hun-
garian subjects to obey the decree of
their government against aiding in
the manufacture of war munitions
for the enemy.

A decree similar to this one was
issued some time ago by Germany,
though it attracted little comment.
It is stated that soon after the de-
cree was proclaimed most of the Ger-
mans employed in munitions plants,
chiefly in executive or scientific de-
partments, quickly sought other posi-
tions without waiting for urging
through diplomatic agencies.

TO REQUISITION ALCOHOL.

France Needs It for Manufacture of
Powder.

Paris, Sept. 8.—The ministry of
war announced today that it would
requisition all stocks of alcohol in
France amounting to two hundred
gallons or more for the manufacture
of powder. Manufacturers of drugs
or other products will receive each
month sufficient quantities of alcohol
for their business.

STAHL IS SENT TO PRISON.

Swore He Saw Guns on Decks of the
Lusitania.

New York, Sept. 9.—Gustav Stahl
was sentenced by Federal Judge
Hough to eighteen months in the
Atlanta penitentiary and to pay a
fine of one dollar.

Stahl, a German reservist, swore
he saw four guns on the Lusitania
just before she sailed on her last trip,
but later admitted his affidavit was
false, and entered a plea of guilty to
perjury.

Bulgarians Mount Big Guns.

Paris, Sept. 9.—According to a
dispatch to the Temps from Dedeag-
natch, the Bulgarians are actively
fortifying that port and its environs.
Heavy guns are being placed at all
strategic points, the dispatch adds,
18 large pieces having been taken
through the city last night.